UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI EASTERN DIVISION

Joanna Nelson,)	
PLAINTIFF)	CIVIL ACTION NO.:
)	4:13-cv-205
VS.)	
)	
TARGET NATIONAL BANK, NA)	JURY TRIAL DEMAND
DEFENDANT.)	

COMPLAINT-CLASS ACTION

INTRODUCTION

- 1. The Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. §227(b) ("TCPA"), restricts the use of automated equipment and prerecorded voice messages to dial cellular telephones. Calls to cell phones using predictive dialing equipment are prohibited unless the caller or creditor has the "prior express consent" of the called party to make the automated calls.
- 2. At some point in or around early 2011, and possibly earlier, defendant Target National Bank, National Association (hereinafter referred to as "Target") began attempts to collect on plaintiff's alleged debt by placing calls to plaintiff's cellular phone using either a predictive dialer or automatic dialer without plaintiff's prior express consent. Target made thousands of these collection calls using an automatic or predictive dialer without the called party's prior express consent, including dozens of calls to plaintiff.
- 3. The TCPA was designed to prevent calls like these, and to protect the privacy of citizens like plaintiff. "Voluminous consumer complaints about abuses of telephone technology for example, computerized calls dispatched to private homes prompted Congress to pass the TCPA." *Mims v. Arrow Fin. Servs., LLC,* 132 S. Ct. 740, 744 (2012).

4. In enacting the TCPA, Congress intended to give consumers a choice as to how creditors and telemarketers may call them, and made specific findings that "[t]echnologies that might allow consumers to avoid receiving such calls are not universally available, are costly, are unlikely to be enforced, or place an inordinate burden on the consumer. TCPA, Pub.L. No. 102–243, § 11. Toward this end, Congress found that:

[b]anning such automated or prerecorded telephone calls to the home, except when the receiving party consents to receiving the call or when such calls are necessary in an emergency situation affecting the health and safety of the consumer, is the only effective means of protecting telephone consumers from this nuisance and privacy invasion.

Id. at § 12; see also *Martin v. Leading Edge Recovery Solutions, LLC*, 2012 WL 3292838, at* 4 (N.D.III. Aug. 10, 2012) (citing Congressional findings on TCPA's purpose).

- 5. Congress also specifically found that "the evidence presented to the Congress indicates that automated or prerecorded calls are a nuisance and an invasion of privacy, regardless of the type of call...." Id. at §§ 12-13. See also, *Mims*, 132 S. Ct. at 744.
- 6. As Judge Easterbrook of the Seventh Circuit recently explained in a TCPA case regarding calls to a non-debtor similar to this one:

The Telephone Consumer Protection Act ... is well known for its provisions limiting junk-fax transmissions. A less-litigated part of the Act curtails the use of automated dialers and prerecorded messages to cell phones, whose subscribers often are billed by the minute as soon as the call is answered—and routing a call to voicemail counts as answering the call. An automated call to a landline phone can be an annoyance; an automated call to a cell phone adds expense to annoyance.

Soppet v. Enhanced Recovery Co., LLC, 679 F.3d 637, 638 (7th Cir. 2012).

7. Defendant Target called plaintiff numerous times on her cellular telephone using predictive dialing equipment, even though plaintiff had not provided prior express consent for those calls.

VENUE AND JURISDICTION

- 8. This Court has jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §§1331 and 1337.
- 9. Venue and personal jurisdiction in this District are proper because Defendant's collection communications were received by plaintiff within this District and defendant transacts business within this District.

PARTIES AND PERSONAL JURISDICTION

- 10. Plaintiff Joanna Nelson is a natural person and a citizen of the State of Missouri who resides in this District.
- 11. Defendant Target National Bank is a national bank which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Target Corporation with its headquarters located at 3901 53rd Street, Sioux Falls, SD 57106. It regularly does business in this District.

FACTS

- 12. Defendant called plaintiff's cellular telephone numerous times, including in early 2011.

 Upon information and belief, based upon the frequency and nature of the calls and caller, defendant used an automatic telephone dialing system, or predictive dialer, to make such calls.
- 13. The following is a non-exhaustive list, including approximate dates and times, and caller identification information, for calls that defendant made to plaintiff's cellular telephone:

3/7/2011	12:09 p.m.	(612) 852-0021
3/7/2011	3:52 p.m.	(612) 852-0021
3/8/2011	11:57 a.m.	(602) 385-2140
3/8/2011	1:17 p.m.	(602) 385-2140
3/9/2011	11:51 a.m.	(888) 608-7627
3/9/2011	3:27 p.m.	(888) 608-7627
3/10/2011	3:27 p.m.	(612) 852-0022
3/11/2011	2:54 p.m.	(602) 385-2140
3/14/2011	11:12 a.m.	(612) 852-0021
3/15/2011	11:09 p.m.	(602) 385-2140
3/16/2011	11:36 a.m.	(602) 385-2140

3/16/2011 3/17/2011 3/17/2011 3/18/2011 3/28/2011 3/29/2011 3/29/2011 3/30/2011	1:44 p.m. 11:18 a.m. 2:49 p.m. 10:08 a.m. 11:00 a.m. 11:39 a.m. 3:15 p.m. 10:43 a.m. 4:01 p.m.	(888) 608-7627 (612) 852-0021 (612) 852-0022 (952) 852-0003 (952) 852-0003 (612) 852-0022 (612) 852-0022 (612) 852-0022 (612) 852-0022
3/31/2011 3/31/2011	10:45 a.m. 4:10 p.m.	(612) 852-0022 (612) 852-0022
4/1/2011	10:31 a.m.	(952) 852-0003
4/5/2011	10:46 a.m.	(952) 852-0003
4/5/2011	3:14 p.m.	(612) 852-0022
4/6/2011	3:09 p.m.	(952) 852-0003
4/7/2011	3:22 p.m.	(612) 852-0022
4/8/2011	10:24 a.m.	(952) 852-0003
4/8/2011	3:26 p.m.	(952) 852-0003
4/11/2011	10:55 a.m.	(952) 852-0003
5/10/2011	1:30 p.m.	(703) 656-9855
5/11/2011	9:24 a.m.	(703) 656-9855
5/11/2011	3:40 p.m.	(703) 656-9855
5/11/2011	7:15 p.m.	(703) 656-9855
5/12/2011	8:41 a.m.	(703) 656-9855
5/12/2011	11:53 a.m.	(703) 656-9855
5/12/2011	5:53 p.m.	(703) 656-9855
5/13/2011	10:58 a.m.	(703) 656-9855
5/13/2011	2:21 p.m.	(703) 656-9855
5/14/2011	8:25 a.m.	(703) 656-9855
5/14/2011	10:21 a.m.	(703) 656-9855
5/16/2011	7:02 p.m.	(703) 656-9855
5/17/2011	9:37 a.m.	(703) 656-9855
5/17/2011	6:22 p.m.	(703) 656-9855

14. Upon information and belief, some or all calls to plaintiff and the class were made using an Avaya brand predictive dialer. An Avaya dialer has been held to constitute an "automatic telephone dialing system" for purposes of the TCPA. *Meyer v. Portfolio Recovery Associates, LLC*, 696 F.3d 943 (9th Cir. 2012). Defendant likely also sent text messages and used prerecorded or artificial voice messages, too, as proscribed by the TCPA.

- 15. Plaintiff did not provide prior express consent for these calls.
- 16. Upon information and belief, Target made calls to other consumers using such equipment without first obtaining the consumer's prior express consent for such calls.
- 17. Plaintiff and the class have been substantially damaged by the illegal phone calls. They were charged for the calls, their privacy was improperly invaded and they were inconvenienced and forced to deal with unwanted telephone calls.

COUNT I – TCPA

- 17. Plaintiff incorporates all previous paragraphs.
- 18. Defendant violated the TCPA by placing automated calls to plaintiff and the class members' cell phones using an automatic telephone dialing system.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

- 19. Plaintiff brings this claim on behalf of a class, consisting of all persons nationwide who, on or after a date four years prior to the filing of this action defendant or some person on its behalf, called using any automatic telephone dialing system and/or prerecorded or artificial voice, where defendant did not have the prior express consent of the called party as to such call.
- 20. The class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impractical. Plaintiff alleges on information and belief that there are more than 1,000 members of the class.
- 21. There are questions of law and fact common to the class that predominate over any questions affecting only individual class members. The predominant common questions include:
 - a. Whether defendant engaged in a pattern of using an automatic telephone dialing system and/or prerecorded messages to place calls to cellular

telephones; and

b. Damages, including whether the violations were negligent, willful or knowing.

22. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class. Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in handling class actions and claims involving unlawful business practices. Neither plaintiff nor plaintiff's counsel have any interests which might cause them not to vigorously pursue this action.

23. A class action is an appropriate method for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. The interest of class members in individually controlling the prosecution of separate claims against defendants is small because it is not economically feasible to bring individual actions.

24. Management of this class action is likely to present significantly fewer difficulties that those presented in many class actions, e.g. for securities fraud.

25. Defendant has acted on grounds that apply generally to the class, so that final injunctive relief or corresponding declaratory relief is appropriate respecting the class as a whole. *Meyer*, 696 F.3d at 946,

WHEREFORE, plaintiff requests that the Court enter judgment in favor of plaintiff and the class and against defendants for:

A. Statutory damages;

B. An injunction against further violations;

C. A declaration that defendant's equipment and messages are regulated by the TCPA:

D. Costs of suit;

E. Reasonable attorney's fees as part of a common fund, if any;

F. Such other or further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

PLAINTIFF HEREBY REQUESTS A TRIAL BY JURY

/s/ Joanna Nelson

Joanna Nelson

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DOCUMENT PRESERVATION DEMAND

Plaintiff hereby demands that the defendant take affirmative steps to preserve all recordings, data, databases, call records, consent to receive autodialed or prerecorded calls, emails, recordings, documents and all other tangible things that relate to the allegations herein, plaintiff or the putative class members, or the making of telephone calls, the events described herein, any third party associated with any telephone call, campaign, account, sale or file associated with plaintiff or the putative class members, and any account or number or symbol relating to any of them. These materials are very likely relevant to the litigation of this claim. If defendant is aware of any third party that has possession, custody or control of any such materials, plaintiff demands that defendant request that such third party also take steps to preserve the materials. This demand shall not narrow the scope of any independent document preservation duties of the defendant.

/s/ Alexander H. Burke
